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**UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA**

_____, Individually and on Behalf of
All Others Similarly Situated,

Plaintiff,

v.

NEKTAR THERAPEUTICS, HOWARD W.
ROBIN, and GIL M LABRUCHERIE,

Defendants.

Case No. DRAFT

**CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT FOR
VIOLATIONS OF THE FEDERAL
SECURITIES LAWS**

Law Offices of Howard G. Smith

1 Plaintiff _____ (“Plaintiff”), individually and on behalf of all others similarly
2 situated, by and through his attorneys, alleges the following upon information and belief, except as
3 to those allegations concerning Plaintiff, which are alleged upon personal knowledge. Plaintiff’s
4 information and belief is based upon, among other things, his counsel’s investigation, which
5 includes without limitation: (a) review and analysis of regulatory filings made by Nektar
6 Therapeutics (“Nektar” or the “Company”) with the United States (“U.S.”) Securities and
7 Exchange Commission (“SEC”); (b) review and analysis of press releases and media reports
8 issued by and disseminated by Nektar; and (c) review of other publicly available information
9 concerning Nektar.

10 NATURE OF THE ACTION AND OVERVIEW

11 1. This is a class action on behalf of persons and entities that purchased or otherwise
12 acquired Nektar securities between February 15, 2019 and August 8, 2019, inclusive (the “Class
13 Period”), seeking to pursue remedies under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the “Exchange
14 Act”).

15 2. Nektar is a biopharmaceutical company that develops medicines in areas of high
16 unmet medical need, including therapies for cancer, autoimmune disease, and chronic pain.
17 Nektar’s lead immuno-oncology candidate is NKTR-214, also known as bempegaldesleukin or
18 bempeg; it is a biologic substance developed to stimulate proliferation and growth of tumor-killing
19 immune cells in the tumor-micro-environment. In the PIVOT-02 clinical study, the Company
20 evaluates the benefit, safety, and tolerability of combining NKTR-214 with Opdivo, an antibody,
21 in collaboration with Bristol-Meyers Squibb Company.

22 3. On August 8, 2019, after the market closed, the Company revealed that a
23 manufacturing issue caused two batches of bempegaldesleukin to differ from the other 20 batches
24 that were produced. Moreover, these batches resulted in variable clinical benefit than other batches
25 used in the Company’s PIVOT-02 clinical trial.

26 4. On this news, the Company’s share price fell \$8.65, or nearly 30%, to close at
27 \$20.92 per share on August 9, 2019, on unusually heavy trading volume.

1 United States mail, interstate telephone communications, and the facilities of a national securities
2 exchange.

3 **PARTIES**

4 11. Plaintiff _____, as set forth in the accompanying certification,
5 incorporated by reference herein, purchased Nektar securities during the Class Period, and
6 suffered damages as a result of the federal securities law violations and false and/or misleading
7 statements and/or material omissions alleged herein.

8 12. Defendant Nektar is incorporated under the laws of Delaware with its principal
9 executive offices located in San Francisco, California. Nektar's common stock trades on the
10 NASDAQ under the symbol "NKTR."

11 13. Defendant Howard W. Robin ("Robin") was the Chief Executive Officer ("CEO")
12 of the Company at all relevant times.

13 14. Defendant Gil M. Labrucherie ("Labrucherie") was the Chief Financial Officer
14 ("CFO") of the Company at all relevant times.

15 15. Defendants Robin and Labrucherie, (collectively the "Individual Defendants"),
16 because of their positions with the Company, possessed the power and authority to control the
17 contents of the Company's reports to the SEC, press releases and presentations to securities
18 analysts, money and portfolio managers and institutional investors, *i.e.*, the market. The
19 Individual Defendants were provided with copies of the Company's reports and press releases
20 alleged herein to be misleading prior to, or shortly after, their issuance and had the ability and
21 opportunity to prevent their issuance or cause them to be corrected. Because of their positions and
22 access to material non-public information available to them, the Individual Defendants knew that
23 the adverse facts specified herein had not been disclosed to, and were being concealed from, the
24 public, and that the positive representations which were being made were then materially false
25 and/or misleading. The Individual Defendants are liable for the false statements pleaded herein.

- ORR by immune-related RECIST (irRECIST) was 52% (14/27); ORR in patients with visceral non-nodal metastases was 53% (8/15).
- ORR in patients that refused standard of care was 55% (6/11); in cisplatin-ineligible patients ORR was 44% (7/16).
- Disease control rate (DCR) was 70% (defined as CR + partial response (PR) + stable disease (SD)).
- Median percent reduction in target lesions from baseline in all 27 efficacy-evaluable patients was 32%.
- Median percent reduction in target lesions from baseline in all 13 responders was 78%.
- Median time to response was 2.0 months.
- In patients with RECIST response, no patients discontinued due to relapse.
- Amongst the 23 patients with known pre-treatment programmed death-ligand 1 (PD-L1) status, ORR in PD-L1 negative patients was 45% (5/11) and in PD-L1 positive patients was 50% (6/12).

18. On March 1, 2019, the Company filed its annual report on Form 10-K with the SEC for the period ended December 31, 2018 (the “2018 10-K”). Therein, under “Risk Factors,” the Company stated that it depends on the success of NKTR-214, stating in relevant part:

We are highly dependent on the success of NKTR-214, our lead I-O candidate. We are executing a broad development program for NKTR-214 and clinical and regulatory outcomes for NKTR-214, if not successful, will significantly harm our business.

Our future success is highly dependent on our ability to successfully develop, obtain regulatory approval for, and commercialize NKTR-214. In general, most early stage investigatory drugs, including oncology drug candidates such as NKTR-214, do not become approved drugs. Accordingly, there is a very meaningful risk that NKTR-214 will not succeed in one or more clinical trials sufficient to support one or more regulatory approvals. To date, reported clinical outcomes from NKTR-214 have had a significant impact on our market valuation, financial position, and business prospects and we expect this to continue in future periods. If one or more clinical studies of NKTR-214 are delayed or not successful, it would materially harm our market valuation, prospects, financial condition and results of operations. For example, under the BMS Collaboration Agreement, we are entitled to up to \$1.43 billion in development milestones that are based upon clinical and regulatory successes from the NKTR-214 development program. One or more failures in NKTR-214 studies could jeopardize such milestone payments, and any product sales or royalty revenue or commercial milestones that we would otherwise be entitled to receive could be reduced, delayed or eliminated.

19. Regarding risks related to manufacturing, the 2018 10-K stated, in relevant part:

Our manufacturing operations and those of our contract manufacturers are subject to laws and other governmental regulatory requirements, which, if not

1 *met, would have a material adverse effect on our business, results of operations*
2 *and financial condition.*

3 We and our contract manufacturers are required in certain cases to maintain
4 compliance with current good manufacturing practices (cGMP), including cGMP
5 guidelines applicable to active pharmaceutical ingredients and drug products, and
6 with laws and regulations governing manufacture and distribution of controlled
7 substances, and are subject to inspections by the FDA, the Drug Enforcement
8 Administration or comparable agencies in other jurisdictions administering such
9 requirements. We anticipate periodic regulatory inspections of our drug
10 manufacturing facilities and the manufacturing facilities of our contract
11 manufacturers for compliance with applicable regulatory requirements. Any failure
12 to follow and document our or our contract manufacturers' adherence to such
13 cGMP and other laws and governmental regulations or satisfy other manufacturing
14 and product release regulatory requirements may disrupt our ability to meet our
15 manufacturing obligations to our customers, lead to significant delays in the
16 availability of products for commercial use or clinical study, result in the
17 termination or hold on a clinical study or delay or prevent filing or approval of
18 marketing applications for our products. Failure to comply with applicable laws
19 and regulations may also result in sanctions being imposed on us, including fines,
20 injunctions, civil penalties, failure of regulatory authorities to grant marketing
21 approval of our products, delays, suspension or withdrawal of approvals, license
22 revocation, seizures, administrative detention, or recalls of products, operating
23 restrictions and criminal prosecutions, any of which could harm our business.
24 Regulatory inspections could result in costly manufacturing changes or facility or
25 capital equipment upgrades to satisfy the FDA that our manufacturing and quality
26 control procedures are in substantial compliance with cGMP. Manufacturing
27 delays, for us or our contract manufacturers, pending resolution of regulatory
28 deficiencies or suspensions could have a material adverse effect on our business,
results of operations and financial condition.

20. The above statements identified in ¶¶17-19 were materially false and/or misleading,
and failed to disclose material adverse facts about the Company's business, operations, and
prospects. Specifically, Defendants failed to disclose to investors: (1) that the Company did not
comply with current good manufacturing practices; (2) that, as a result, batches of NKTR-214
were not produced consistently and differed meaningfully; (3) that clinical results from PIVOT-02
differed based on the batch of NKTR-214 used in the study; (4) that, as a result, the PIVOT-02
study did not produce statistically significant results to support a finding of clinical benefit; and
(6) that, as a result of the foregoing, Defendants' positive statements about the Company's
business, operations, and prospects were materially misleading and/or lacked a reasonable basis.

Disclosures at the End of the Class Period

21. On August 8, 2019, after the market closed, the Company revealed that a
manufacturing issue caused two batches of bempegaldesleukin to differ from the other 20 batches

1 that were produced. Moreover, these batches resulted in variable clinical benefit than other batches
2 used in the Company's PIVOT-02 clinical trial. In a conference call held to discuss the
3 Company's second quarter 2019 financial results, Defendant Robin stated, in relevant part:

4 At the recent ASCO 2019 meeting, we reported an update from the first-line
5 melanoma cohort in PIVOT-02 that showed an improvement in complete response
6 rates and deepening of responses for patients who responded to the doublet therapy,
a clear benefit for these patients. We recently announced that these compelling data
led to a breakthrough designation from the FDA.

7 * * *

8 [W]e conducted a thorough characterization of all of the 22 lots of bempeg peg
9 produced to-date, including all of those which currently supply and we'll supply our
10 current and future registrational studies. ***The characterization work from these
11 new assays revealed that two of the earliest production batches of bempeg were
12 different than the other 20 batches produced.*** These two early manufacturing lots
are known as lots two and five and the time of their production bidding beginning
in 2016 it was early on in the manufacturing campaign and these lots were within
the manufacturing controls and release specifications.

13 As such, we did not detect any meaningful variability upon their release. Various
14 early production batches of bempeg were sequentially distributed in PIVOT-02,
lots one, two, three and five. As more clinical data matured and became available in
15 PIVOT-02 and once we had identified the outlier variances of lots two and five, we
then had the basis to start analyzing any potential differences between data from
16 patients that started treatment with lots one and three as compared to lots two and
five. ***We found notable correlations in several cohorts with evidence of an
17 improved clinical benefit and patients who started treatment with lots one and
18 three as compared to patients who started treatment with lots two and five.***

19 (Emphases added.)

20 22. On this news, the Company's share price fell \$8.65, or nearly 30%, to close at
21 \$20.92 per share on August 9, 2019, on unusually heavy trading volume..

22 CLASS ACTION ALLEGATIONS

23 23. Plaintiff brings this action as a class action pursuant to Federal Rule of Civil
24 Procedure 23(a) and (b)(3) on behalf of a class, consisting of all persons and entities that
25 purchased or otherwise acquired Nektar securities between February 15, 2019 and August 8, 2019,
26 inclusive, and who were damaged thereby (the "Class"). Excluded from the Class are Defendants,
27 the officers and directors of the Company, at all relevant times, members of their immediate
28 families and their legal representatives, heirs, successors, or assigns, and any entity in which
Defendants have or had a controlling interest.

1 24. The members of the Class are so numerous that joinder of all members is
2 impracticable. Throughout the Class Period, Nektar's common shares actively traded on the
3 NASDAQ. While the exact number of Class members is unknown to Plaintiff at this time and can
4 only be ascertained through appropriate discovery, Plaintiff believes that there are at least
5 hundreds or thousands of members in the proposed Class. Millions of Nektar common stock were
6 traded publicly during the Class Period on the NASDAQ. Record owners and other members of
7 the Class may be identified from records maintained by Nektar or its transfer agent and may be
8 notified of the pendency of this action by mail, using the form of notice similar to that customarily
9 used in securities class actions.

10 25. Plaintiff's claims are typical of the claims of the members of the Class as all
11 members of the Class are similarly affected by Defendants' wrongful conduct in violation of
12 federal law that is complained of herein.

13 26. Plaintiff will fairly and adequately protect the interests of the members of the Class
14 and has retained counsel competent and experienced in class and securities litigation.

15 27. Common questions of law and fact exist as to all members of the Class and
16 predominate over any questions solely affecting individual members of the Class. Among the
17 questions of law and fact common to the Class are:

18 (a) whether the federal securities laws were violated by Defendants' acts as alleged
19 herein;

20 (b) whether statements made by Defendants to the investing public during the Class
21 Period omitted and/or misrepresented material facts about the business, operations, and prospects
22 of Nektar; and

23 (c) to what extent the members of the Class have sustained damages and the proper
24 measure of damages.

25 28. A class action is superior to all other available methods for the fair and efficient
26 adjudication of this controversy since joinder of all members is impracticable. Furthermore, as the
27 damages suffered by individual Class members may be relatively small, the expense and burden of
28 individual litigation makes it impossible for members of the Class to individually redress the

1 wrongs done to them. There will be no difficulty in the management of this action as a class
2 action.

3 **UNDISCLOSED ADVERSE FACTS**

4 29. The market for Nektar's securities was open, well-developed and efficient at all
5 relevant times. As a result of these materially false and/or misleading statements, and/or failures
6 to disclose, Nektar's securities traded at artificially inflated prices during the Class Period.
7 Plaintiff and other members of the Class purchased or otherwise acquired Nektar's securities
8 relying upon the integrity of the market price of the Company's securities and market information
9 relating to Nektar, and have been damaged thereby.

10 30. During the Class Period, Defendants materially misled the investing public, thereby
11 inflating the price of Nektar's securities, by publicly issuing false and/or misleading statements
12 and/or omitting to disclose material facts necessary to make Defendants' statements, as set forth
13 herein, not false and/or misleading. The statements and omissions were materially false and/or
14 misleading because they failed to disclose material adverse information and/or misrepresented the
15 truth about Nektar's business, operations, and prospects as alleged herein.

16 31. At all relevant times, the material misrepresentations and omissions particularized
17 in this Complaint directly or proximately caused or were a substantial contributing cause of the
18 damages sustained by Plaintiff and other members of the Class. As described herein, during the
19 Class Period, Defendants made or caused to be made a series of materially false and/or misleading
20 statements about Nektar's financial well-being and prospects. These material misstatements
21 and/or omissions had the cause and effect of creating in the market an unrealistically positive
22 assessment of the Company and its financial well-being and prospects, thus causing the
23 Company's securities to be overvalued and artificially inflated at all relevant times. Defendants'
24 materially false and/or misleading statements during the Class Period resulted in Plaintiff and
25 other members of the Class purchasing the Company's securities at artificially inflated prices, thus
26 causing the damages complained of herein when the truth was revealed.

1 **LOSS CAUSATION**

2 32. Defendants' wrongful conduct, as alleged herein, directly and proximately caused
3 the economic loss suffered by Plaintiff and the Class.

4 33. During the Class Period, Plaintiff and the Class purchased Nektar's securities at
5 artificially inflated prices and were damaged thereby. The price of the Company's securities
6 significantly declined when the misrepresentations made to the market, and/or the information
7 alleged herein to have been concealed from the market, and/or the effects thereof, were revealed,
8 causing investors' losses.

9 **ADDITIONAL SCIENTER ALLEGATIONS**

10 34. As alleged herein, Defendants acted with scienter since Defendants knew that the
11 public documents and statements issued or disseminated in the name of the Company were
12 materially false and/or misleading; knew that such statements or documents would be issued or
13 disseminated to the investing public; and knowingly and substantially participated or acquiesced
14 in the issuance or dissemination of such statements or documents as primary violations of the
15 federal securities laws. As set forth elsewhere herein in detail, the Individual Defendants, by
16 virtue of their receipt of information reflecting the true facts regarding Nektar, their control over,
17 and/or receipt and/or modification of Nektar's allegedly materially misleading misstatements
18 and/or their associations with the Company which made them privy to confidential proprietary
19 information concerning Nektar, participated in the fraudulent scheme alleged herein.

20 **APPLICABILITY OF PRESUMPTION OF RELIANCE**

21 **(FRAUD-ON-THE-MARKET DOCTRINE)**

22 35. The market for Nektar's securities was open, well-developed and efficient at all
23 relevant times. As a result of the materially false and/or misleading statements and/or failures to
24 disclose, Nektar's securities traded at artificially inflated prices during the Class Period. On
25 February 20, 2019, the Company's share price closed at a Class Period high of \$43.03 per share.
26 Plaintiff and other members of the Class purchased or otherwise acquired the Company's
27 securities relying upon the integrity of the market price of Nektar's securities and market
28 information relating to Nektar, and have been damaged thereby.

1 36. During the Class Period, the artificial inflation of Nektar's shares was caused by
2 the material misrepresentations and/or omissions particularized in this Complaint causing the
3 damages sustained by Plaintiff and other members of the Class. As described herein, during the
4 Class Period, Defendants made or caused to be made a series of materially false and/or misleading
5 statements about Nektar's business, prospects, and operations. These material misstatements
6 and/or omissions created an unrealistically positive assessment of Nektar and its business,
7 operations, and prospects, thus causing the price of the Company's securities to be artificially
8 inflated at all relevant times, and when disclosed, negatively affected the value of the Company
9 shares. Defendants' materially false and/or misleading statements during the Class Period resulted
10 in Plaintiff and other members of the Class purchasing the Company's securities at such
11 artificially inflated prices, and each of them has been damaged as a result.

12 37. At all relevant times, the market for Nektar's securities was an efficient market for
13 the following reasons, among others:

14 (a) Nektar shares met the requirements for listing, and was listed and actively traded
15 on the NASDAQ, a highly efficient and automated market;

16 (b) As a regulated issuer, Nektar filed periodic public reports with the SEC and/or the
17 NASDAQ;

18 (c) Nektar regularly communicated with public investors via established market
19 communication mechanisms, including through regular dissemination of press releases on the
20 national circuits of major newswire services and through other wide-ranging public disclosures,
21 such as communications with the financial press and other similar reporting services; and/or

22 (d) Nektar was followed by securities analysts employed by brokerage firms who
23 wrote reports about the Company, and these reports were distributed to the sales force and certain
24 customers of their respective brokerage firms. Each of these reports was publicly available and
25 entered the public marketplace.

26 38. As a result of the foregoing, the market for Nektar's securities promptly digested
27 current information regarding Nektar from all publicly available sources and reflected such
28 information in Nektar's share price. Under these circumstances, all purchasers of Nektar's

1 securities during the Class Period suffered similar injury through their purchase of Nektar's
2 securities at artificially inflated prices and a presumption of reliance applies.

3 39. A Class-wide presumption of reliance is also appropriate in this action under the
4 Supreme Court's holding in *Affiliated Ute Citizens of Utah v. United States*, 406 U.S. 128 (1972),
5 because the Class's claims are, in large part, grounded on Defendants' material misstatements
6 and/or omissions. Because this action involves Defendants' failure to disclose material adverse
7 information regarding the Company's business operations and financial prospects—information
8 that Defendants were obligated to disclose—positive proof of reliance is not a prerequisite to
9 recovery. All that is necessary is that the facts withheld be material in the sense that a reasonable
10 investor might have considered them important in making investment decisions. Given the
11 importance of the Class Period material misstatements and omissions set forth above, that
12 requirement is satisfied here.

13 **NO SAFE HARBOR**

14 40. The statutory safe harbor provided for forward-looking statements under certain
15 circumstances does not apply to any of the allegedly false statements pleaded in this Complaint.
16 The statements alleged to be false and misleading herein all relate to then-existing facts and
17 conditions. In addition, to the extent certain of the statements alleged to be false may be
18 characterized as forward looking, they were not identified as "forward-looking statements" when
19 made and there were no meaningful cautionary statements identifying important factors that could
20 cause actual results to differ materially from those in the purportedly forward-looking statements.
21 In the alternative, to the extent that the statutory safe harbor is determined to apply to any forward-
22 looking statements pleaded herein, Defendants are liable for those false forward-looking
23 statements because at the time each of those forward-looking statements was made, the speaker
24 had actual knowledge that the forward-looking statement was materially false or misleading,
25 and/or the forward-looking statement was authorized or approved by an executive officer of
26 Nektar who knew that the statement was false when made.

27 **FIRST CLAIM**

28 **Violation of Section 10(b) of The Exchange Act and**

**Rule 10b-5 Promulgated Thereunder
Against All Defendants**

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3 41. Plaintiff repeats and re-alleges each and every allegation contained above as if fully
4 set forth herein.

5 42. During the Class Period, Defendants carried out a plan, scheme and course of
6 conduct which was intended to and, throughout the Class Period, did: (i) deceive the investing
7 public, including Plaintiff and other Class members, as alleged herein; and (ii) cause Plaintiff and
8 other members of the Class to purchase Nektar's securities at artificially inflated prices. In
9 furtherance of this unlawful scheme, plan and course of conduct, Defendants, and each defendant,
10 took the actions set forth herein.

11 43. Defendants (i) employed devices, schemes, and artifices to defraud; (ii) made
12 untrue statements of material fact and/or omitted to state material facts necessary to make the
13 statements not misleading; and (iii) engaged in acts, practices, and a course of business which
14 operated as a fraud and deceit upon the purchasers of the Company's securities in an effort to
15 maintain artificially high market prices for Nektar's securities in violation of Section 10(b) of the
16 Exchange Act and Rule 10b-5. All Defendants are sued either as primary participants in the
17 wrongful and illegal conduct charged herein or as controlling persons as alleged below.

18 44. Defendants, individually and in concert, directly and indirectly, by the use, means
19 or instrumentalities of interstate commerce and/or of the mails, engaged and participated in a
20 continuous course of conduct to conceal adverse material information about Nektar's financial
21 well-being and prospects, as specified herein.

22 45. Defendants employed devices, schemes and artifices to defraud, while in
23 possession of material adverse non-public information and engaged in acts, practices, and a course
24 of conduct as alleged herein in an effort to assure investors of Nektar's value and performance and
25 continued substantial growth, which included the making of, or the participation in the making of,
26 untrue statements of material facts and/or omitting to state material facts necessary in order to
27 make the statements made about Nektar and its business operations and future prospects in light of
28 the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading, as set forth more particularly

1 herein, and engaged in transactions, practices and a course of business which operated as a fraud
2 and deceit upon the purchasers of the Company's securities during the Class Period.

3 46. Each of the Individual Defendants' primary liability and controlling person liability
4 arises from the following facts: (i) the Individual Defendants were high-level executives and/or
5 directors at the Company during the Class Period and members of the Company's management
6 team or had control thereof; (ii) each of these defendants, by virtue of their responsibilities and
7 activities as a senior officer and/or director of the Company, was privy to and participated in the
8 creation, development and reporting of the Company's internal budgets, plans, projections and/or
9 reports; (iii) each of these defendants enjoyed significant personal contact and familiarity with the
10 other defendants and was advised of, and had access to, other members of the Company's
11 management team, internal reports and other data and information about the Company's finances,
12 operations, and sales at all relevant times; and (iv) each of these defendants was aware of the
13 Company's dissemination of information to the investing public which they knew and/or
14 recklessly disregarded was materially false and misleading.

15 47. Defendants had actual knowledge of the misrepresentations and/or omissions of
16 material facts set forth herein, or acted with reckless disregard for the truth in that they failed to
17 ascertain and to disclose such facts, even though such facts were available to them. Such
18 defendants' material misrepresentations and/or omissions were done knowingly or recklessly and
19 for the purpose and effect of concealing Nektar's financial well-being and prospects from the
20 investing public and supporting the artificially inflated price of its securities. As demonstrated by
21 Defendants' overstatements and/or misstatements of the Company's business, operations, financial
22 well-being, and prospects throughout the Class Period, Defendants, if they did not have actual
23 knowledge of the misrepresentations and/or omissions alleged, were reckless in failing to obtain
24 such knowledge by deliberately refraining from taking those steps necessary to discover whether
25 those statements were false or misleading.

26 48. As a result of the dissemination of the materially false and/or misleading
27 information and/or failure to disclose material facts, as set forth above, the market price of
28 Nektar's securities was artificially inflated during the Class Period. In ignorance of the fact that

1 market prices of the Company's securities were artificially inflated, and relying directly or
2 indirectly on the false and misleading statements made by Defendants, or upon the integrity of the
3 market in which the securities trades, and/or in the absence of material adverse information that
4 was known to or recklessly disregarded by Defendants, but not disclosed in public statements by
5 Defendants during the Class Period, Plaintiff and the other members of the Class acquired
6 Nektar's securities during the Class Period at artificially high prices and were damaged thereby.

7 49. At the time of said misrepresentations and/or omissions, Plaintiff and other
8 members of the Class were ignorant of their falsity, and believed them to be true. Had Plaintiff
9 and the other members of the Class and the marketplace known the truth regarding the problems
10 that Nektar was experiencing, which were not disclosed by Defendants, Plaintiff and other
11 members of the Class would not have purchased or otherwise acquired their Nektar securities, or,
12 if they had acquired such securities during the Class Period, they would not have done so at the
13 artificially inflated prices which they paid.

14 50. By virtue of the foregoing, Defendants violated Section 10(b) of the Exchange Act
15 and Rule 10b-5 promulgated thereunder.

16 51. As a direct and proximate result of Defendants' wrongful conduct, Plaintiff and the
17 other members of the Class suffered damages in connection with their respective purchases and
18 sales of the Company's securities during the Class Period.

19 **SECOND CLAIM**

20 **Violation of Section 20(a) of The Exchange Act**
21 **Against the Individual Defendants**

22 52. Plaintiff repeats and re-alleges each and every allegation contained above as if fully
23 set forth herein.

24 53. Individual Defendants acted as controlling persons of Nektar within the meaning of
25 Section 20(a) of the Exchange Act as alleged herein. By virtue of their high-level positions and
26 their ownership and contractual rights, participation in, and/or awareness of the Company's
27 operations and intimate knowledge of the false financial statements filed by the Company with the
28 SEC and disseminated to the investing public, Individual Defendants had the power to influence

1 and control and did influence and control, directly or indirectly, the decision-making of the
2 Company, including the content and dissemination of the various statements which Plaintiff
3 contends are false and misleading. Individual Defendants were provided with or had unlimited
4 access to copies of the Company's reports, press releases, public filings, and other statements
5 alleged by Plaintiff to be misleading prior to and/or shortly after these statements were issued and
6 had the ability to prevent the issuance of the statements or cause the statements to be corrected.

7 54. In particular, Individual Defendants had direct and supervisory involvement in the
8 day-to-day operations of the Company and, therefore, had the power to control or influence the
9 particular transactions giving rise to the securities violations as alleged herein, and exercised the
10 same.

11 55. As set forth above, Nektar and Individual Defendants each violated Section 10(b)
12 and Rule 10b-5 by their acts and omissions as alleged in this Complaint. By virtue of their position
13 as controlling persons, Individual Defendants are liable pursuant to Section 20(a) of the Exchange
14 Act. As a direct and proximate result of Defendants' wrongful conduct, Plaintiff and other
15 members of the Class suffered damages in connection with their purchases of the Company's
16 securities during the Class Period.

17 **PRAYER FOR RELIEF**

18 WHEREFORE, Plaintiff prays for relief and judgment, as follows:

19 (a) Determining that this action is a proper class action under Rule 23 of the Federal
20 Rules of Civil Procedure;

21 (b) Awarding compensatory damages in favor of Plaintiff and the other Class members
22 against all defendants, jointly and severally, for all damages sustained as a result of Defendants'
23 wrongdoing, in an amount to be proven at trial, including interest thereon;

24 (c) Awarding Plaintiff and the Class their reasonable costs and expenses incurred in
25 this action, including counsel fees and expert fees; and

26 (d) Such other and further relief as the Court may deem just and proper.
27
28

1 **JURY TRIAL DEMANDED**

2 Plaintiff hereby demands a trial by jury.

3 DATED: _____, 2019 **GLANCY PRONGAY & MURRAY LLP**

4
5 By: *DRAFT*

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